

10. November 2020, Aarau, Zoom Online Meeting

swissgrid

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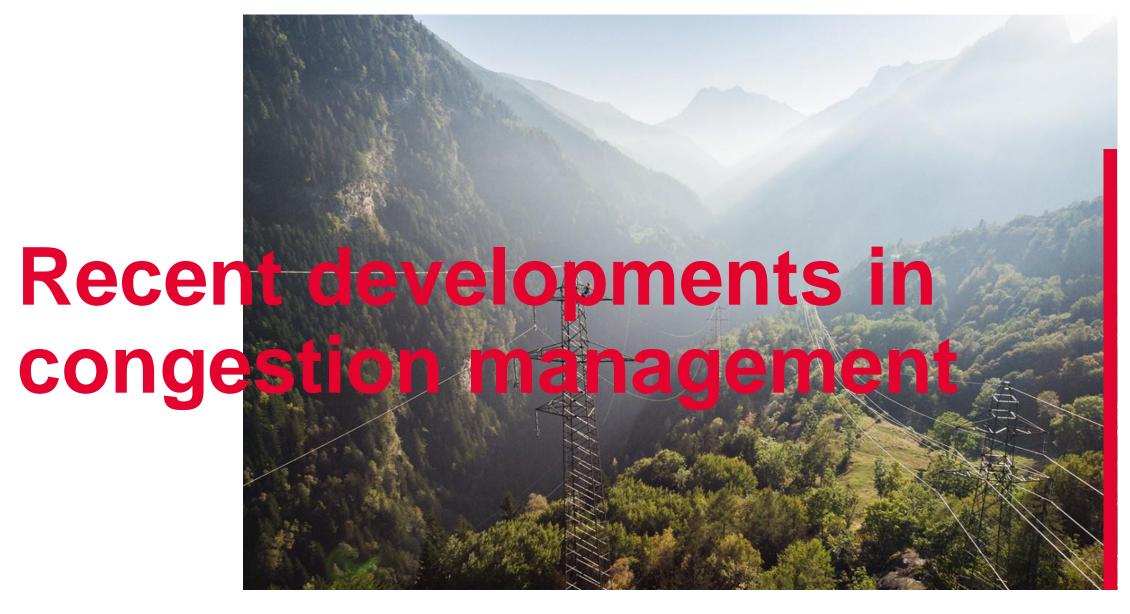
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Agenda

09:00	Welcome address	Bastian Schwark	
09:10	Recent developments in congestion management	Julius Schwachheim	
09:25	Updates on NTC methodologies	Constanze Mende	
09:40	News on cross-border capacity allocation	Theodoros Sevdas	
09:55	EPEX Spot market developments	Davide Orifici, EPEX Spot	
10:15	Power break		
10:30	Status of TERRE project	Tobias Ott	
10:40	New RTE scheduling system	Najla Hamada, RTE	
10:55	Scheduling harmonization project: pending workstreams	Marc Rüede	
11:10	Swiss balance group management and operational incidents	Marc Rüede	
11:25	Power break		
11:35	Outlook on current projects and revision of Swiss Electricity Supply Act	Wolfgang Elsenbast, SFOE	
11:55	Equigy, a European platform using consumer-based devices and storage technologies to stabilize the transmission grid	Susanne Landt	
12:10	Feedback and questions	Bastian Schwark	
12:20	End of event		

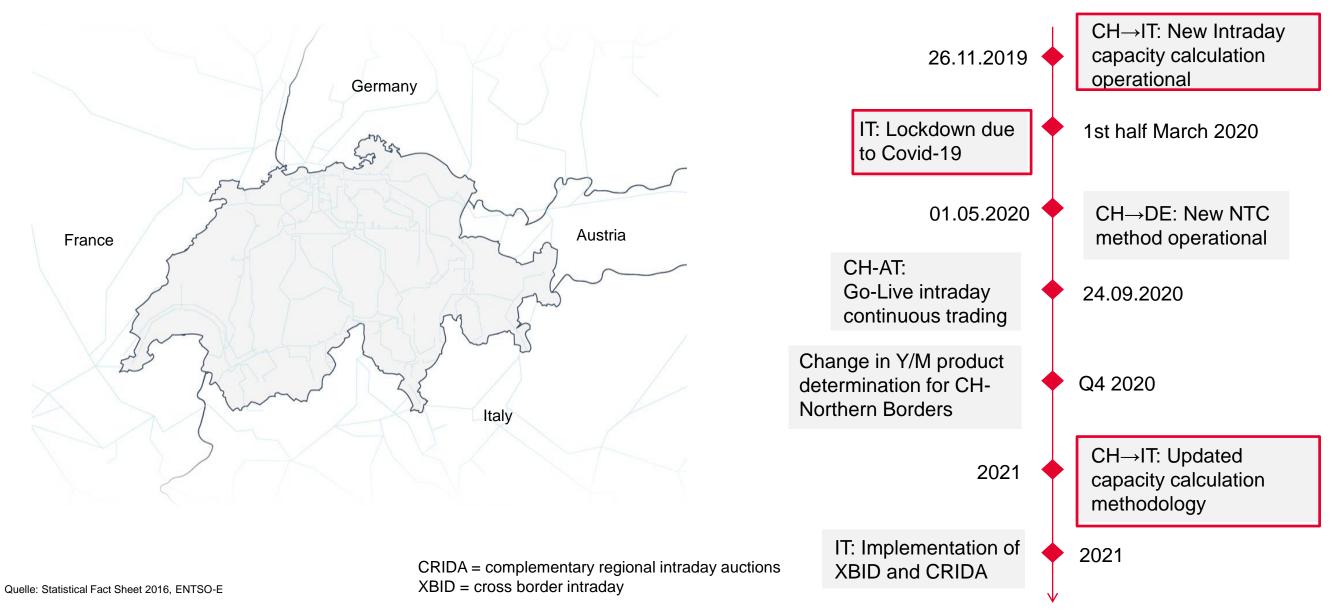




Julius Schwachheim Head of Capacity and Congestion Management

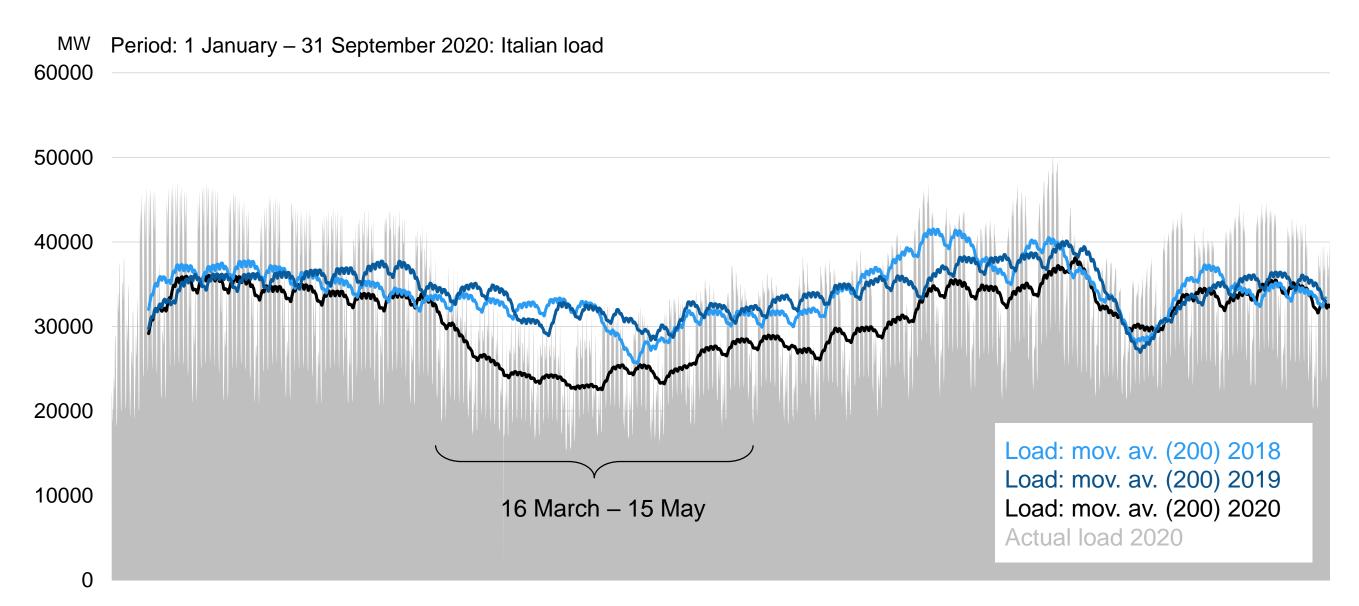


Several new processes have gone live since the last BG Partner meeting in 2019



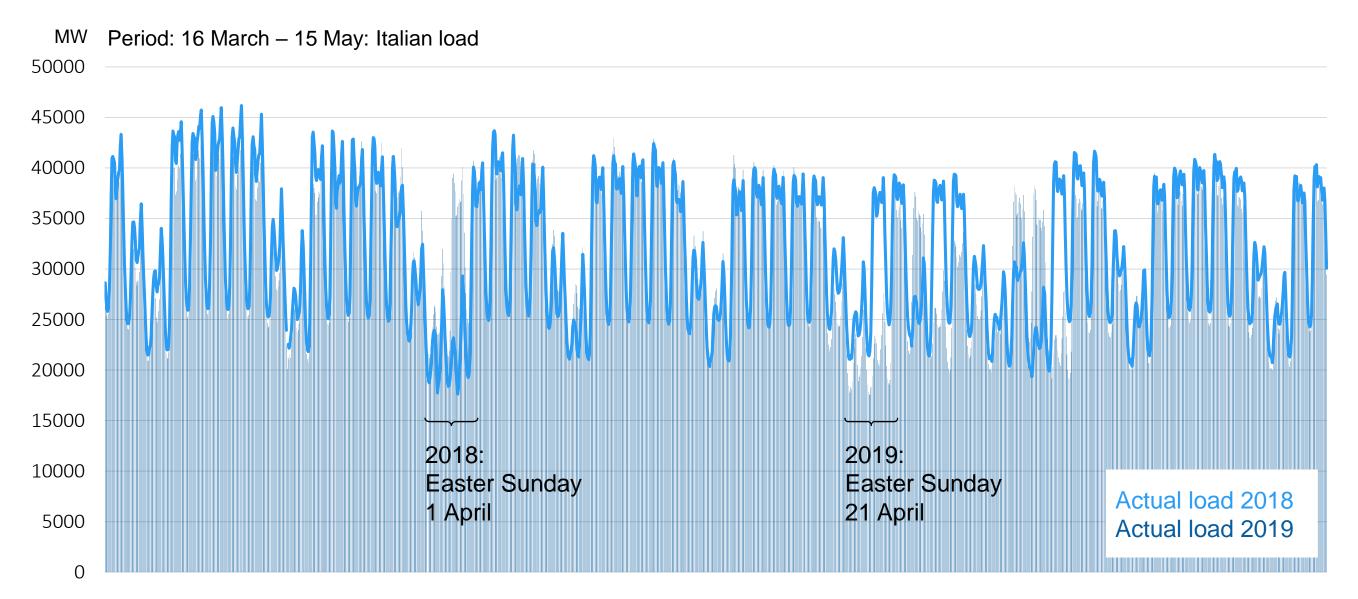


Italy has seen drops in its (whole country) load of up to 10 GW on average for certain periods during Q2 2020 – 25% of the seasonal load.



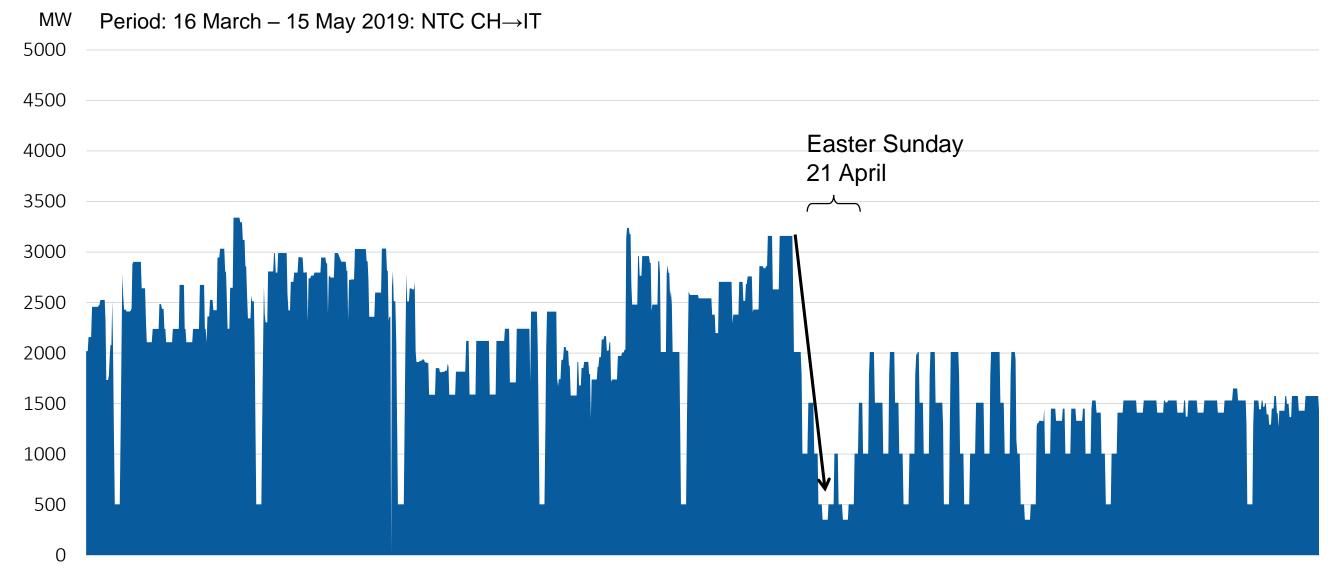


During the spring period, the Italian load follows a repetitive pattern – including the regular «Easter period»



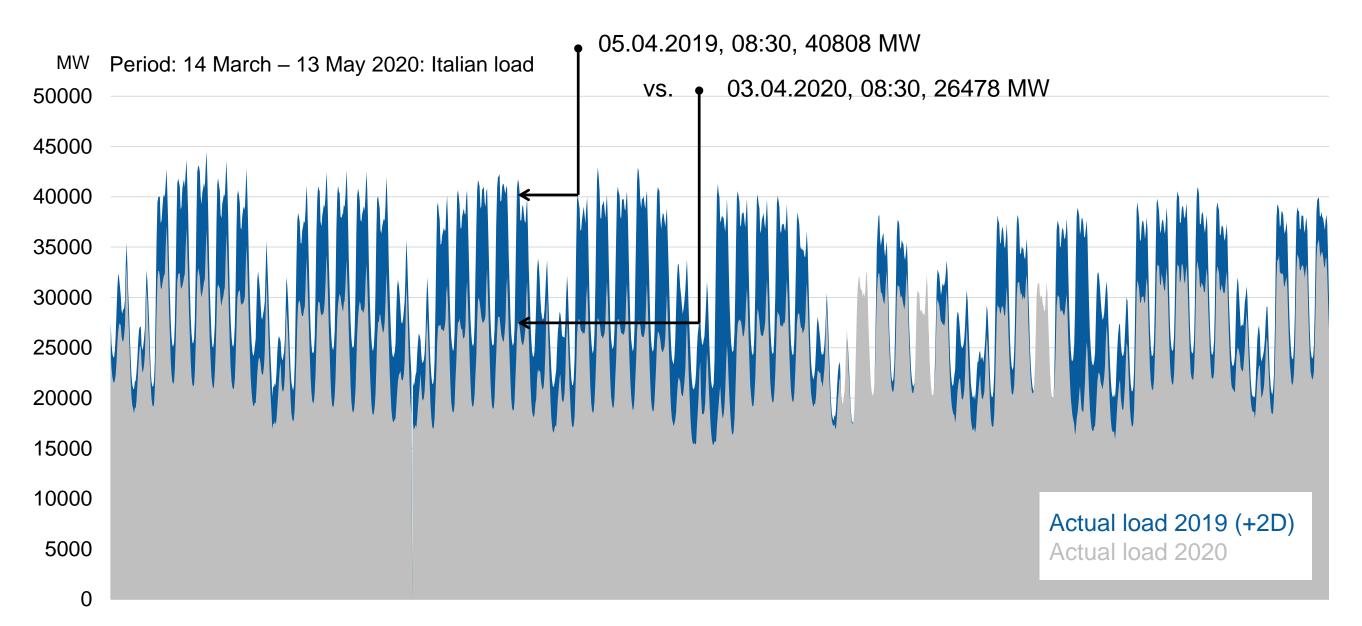


Reduced load & increased RES lead to less active conventional generators in the grid – stability problems result and therefore the NTC needs to be reduced*



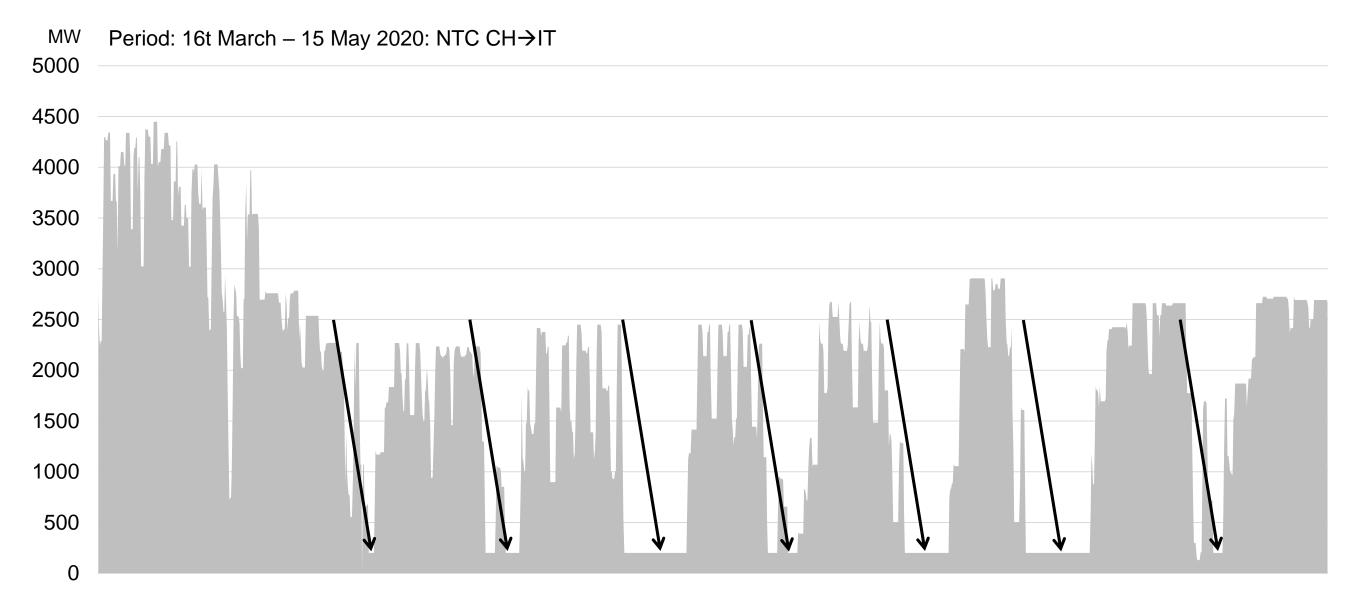


The Covid-19 restrictions in Italy led to year-to-year decreases in load of up to 15 GW





The Covid-19 restrictions consequently impacted the NTC – just for a longer period. Comparison with previous years impossible due to different maintenance structures.

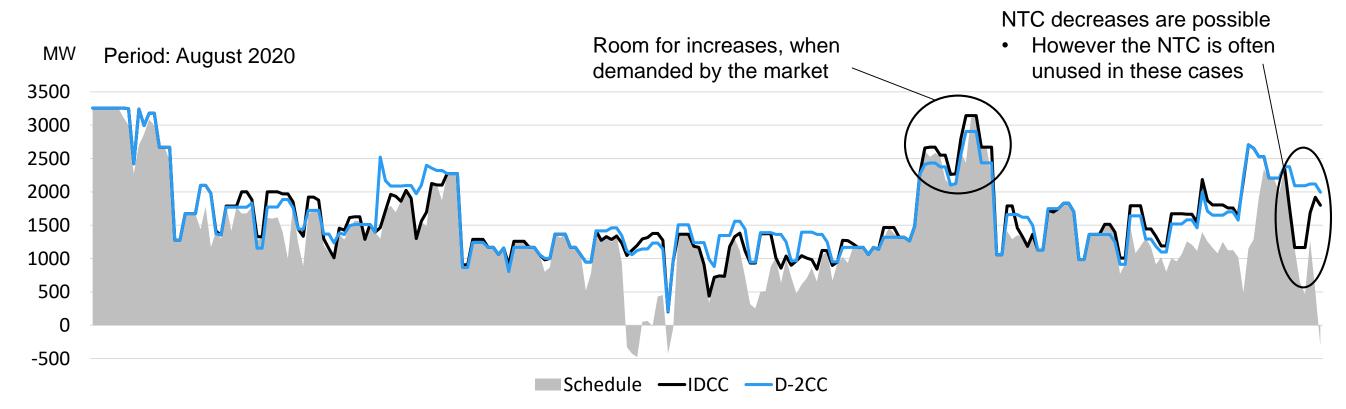




A positive development during 2020 is the Intraday Capacity Calculation Process – it went live at the end of 2019 and led to increased capacities compared to day-ahead

Short recap of the functionalities:

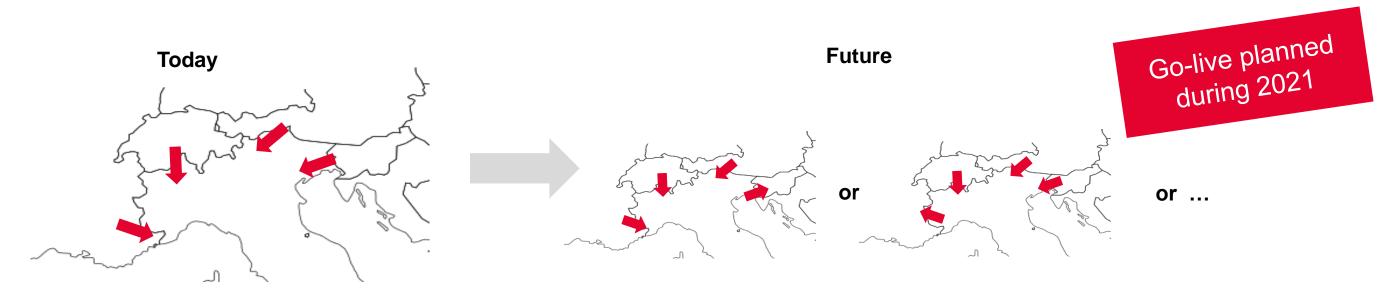
- IDCC (re-)calculates the NTC for the hours of 16:00 24:00
- The resulting NTC cannot be lower than the schedule from Day-Ahead
- Since the go-live, the NTC has **increased** by on average **56 MW** or 45 GWh for relevant hours (relevant means in terms of market use: NTC was used more than 95%)





In the future, the NTC from Italy will also be calculated in the export direction in specific situations

- Today's Capacity Calculation process in CCR Italy North only optimises the NTC in the Full Italian Import direction
- In the future, the algorithm will be extended so that scenarios in which >1 country is importing from Italy can be calculated in the capacity calculation processes (**Export Corner Calculation**)
- For these countries X an updated NTC IT → X will be provided.
- Such calculations will help to optimise the NTC values e.g. in the summer months, when the Balkan region is importing
 from Italy and the flow on the SI-IT border is reversed.
- The algorithm and process will be flexible enough to take any export scenario into account.





A consultative forum for Italy North will be launched in 2021

The forum focuses on the following topics – to provide stakeholders with information and content discussions:

- Proposals and methodologies pursuant to regional obligations of Network Codes and Guidelines
- Status update on the implementation of regional methodologies pursuant to Network Codes and Guidelines

Market parties and their associations and NEMOs of the region will be informed soon!



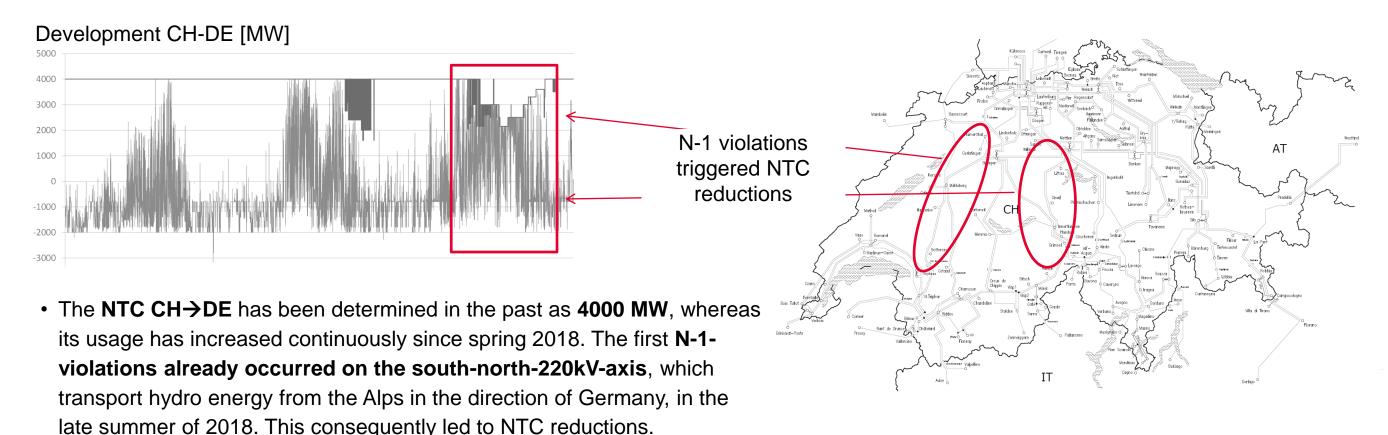




Constanze Mende
Specialist Capacity & Congestion Management Market



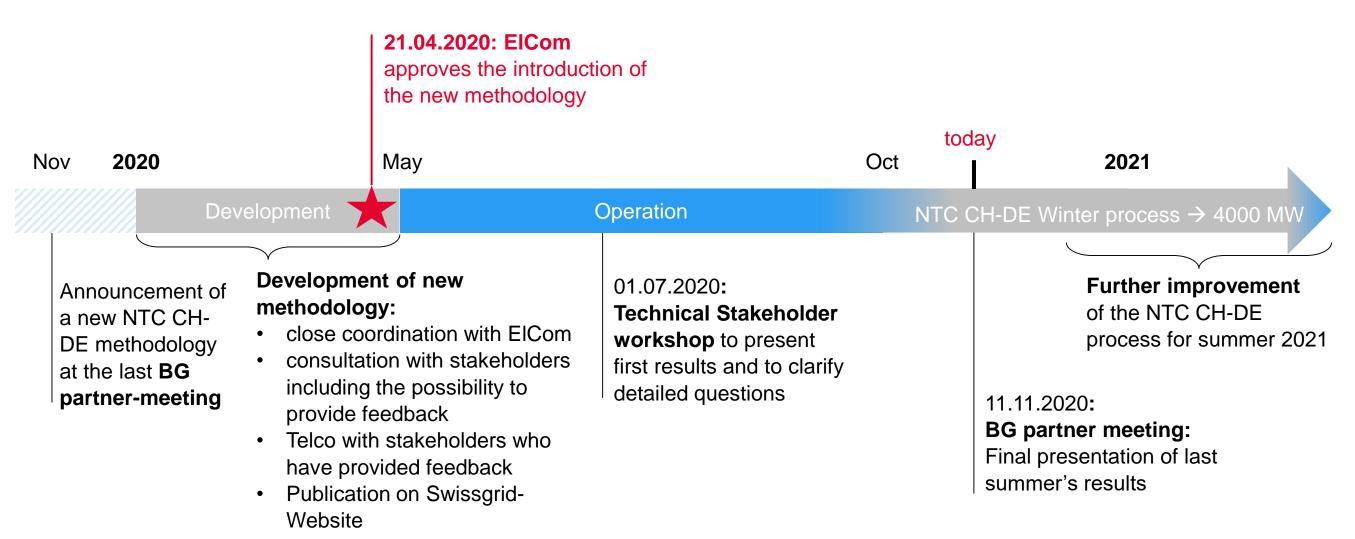
Motivated by the increasing usage of the NTC CH→DE in recent years, Swissgrid has developed a transparent day-ahead NTC CH-DE determination methodology



- In summer 2019 the N-1-violations increased due to the increased German import. This has caused further ad-hoc NTC-reductions, which were performed based on daily evaluations of the coming days
- → A transparent and coordinated methodology for determining the NTC CH-DE has been developed and introduced for summer 2020

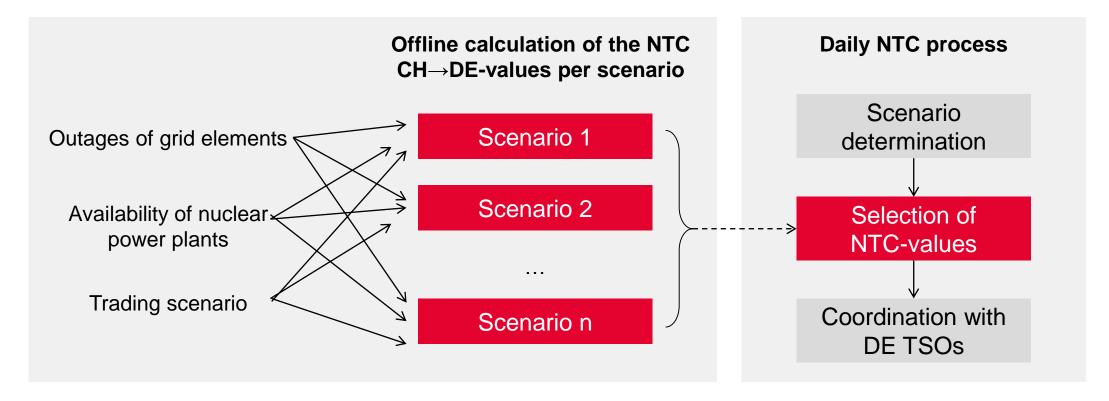


New methodology was developed in coordination with ElCom and allows stakeholders to provide feedback – further process improvements are planned next summer





The determination of the NTC CH→DE is scenario-based. The NTC values are calculated a priori and applied dependent on the expected situation



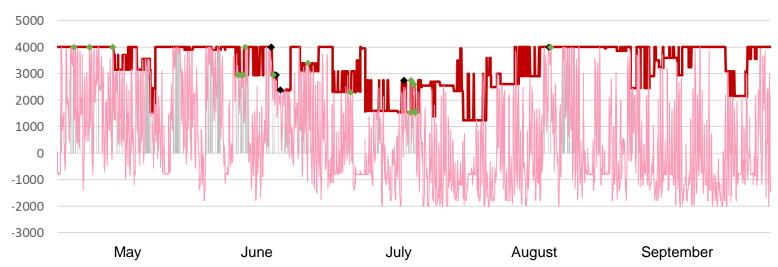
Basic principles of the NTC calculation:

- Consideration of only relevant grid elements
- Local CH-internal problems must not trigger NTC-reductions!
- Application of basic principles defined in the **CACM** and **CEP**
- The aim is to **optimise the NTC** by accepting a certain amount of **redispatch risk**

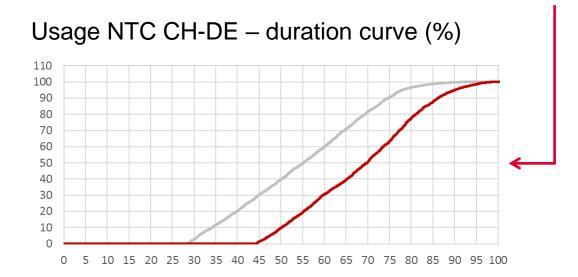


Swissgrid offered 1365 GWh more capacity to the market than in 2019, but usage decreased

Border CH-DE in 2020 (MW)



- Swissgrid offered 12,165 GWh capacity to the market in the direction CH→DE for the whole summer 2020 (same period of 2019: 10,800 GWh)
- 3,880 GWh of this was used (same period in 2019: 4,500 GWh)





Swissgrid took a certain redispatch risk into account during the NTC determination

	May 20	Jun 20	Jul 20	Aug 20	Sep 20	sum
Capacity used by the market in the direction CH→DE [in GWh]	1,300	1,100	326	697	452	3,875
Congestion rent SWG CH→DE [in T€]	1,100	1,022	285	320	221	2,948
Redispatch costs [in T€]	36.6	542	477	71.4	/	1,019

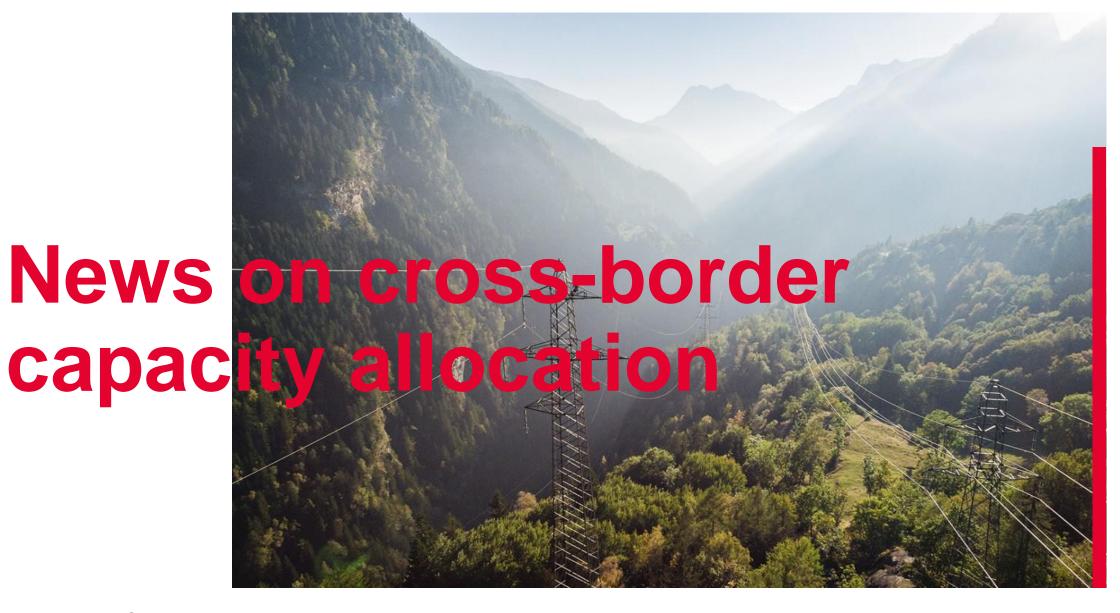
- The redispatch costs over the whole summer were in the range of 35% of the congestion income CH→DE
- International and national redispatches are summarised in these figures. In the case of national redispatches, the figures
 only take account of cases that were triggered by overloading on grid elements that were also taken into account in the
 NTC calculation.
- It is not possible to clearly define the part of the redispatch costs that can be clearly assigned to the NTC CH→DE



The introduced NTC CH→DE methodology must be seen as an intermediate step towards integration in the CORE region

- The aim for summer 2020 was to implement a transparent and traceable NTC determination methodology within a short timeframe
- The next steps will be to implement several quick-win updates for summer 2021, such as:
 - Improvement of the scenario forecasts
 - More efficient NTC CH-DE calculation
- In the mid-term (2022+), the calculations should be allocated to regional service coordinators (RSCs) and the NTCs calculated and coordinated together with the CORE region.





Theodoros Sevdas
Principal Market Operations



Create transparency in calculation of yearly and monthly products on CH borders

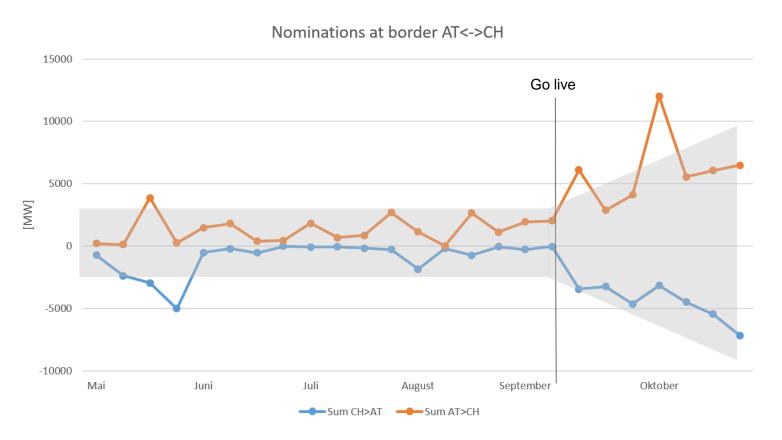
	Yearly	Monthly	
DE <> CH (to be applied to products for 2021)	• 50% of minimum yearly NTC*	50% of (minimum monthly NTC* minus yearly product)	
AT <> CH (to be applied to products for 2021)			
FR > CH (There is no yearly and monthly product In direction CH>FR, residual capacity is allocated in Day Ahead and Intraday)	 Based on proposals of ElCom and CRE Approximately 33% of (Minimum Yearly NTC* minus reserved capacities for LTCs) 	75% of (minimum monthly NTC* minus yearly product minus reserved capacities for LTCs)	
IT <> CH (to be applied to products for 2022)	 Max. 25 reduction periods Product shall be valid for min. 80% of hours Lower product validity only in case of resulting product < 10 MW 	 Max 5 reduction periods Product shall be valid for min. 80% of hours Lower product validity only in case of resulting product < 10 MW 	

^{*} Yearly/Monthly Minimum NTC are coordinated bilaterally, taking maintenance into account



Status on intraday allocation on CH northern borders

- Since 23 September, intraday capacity on the Swiss-Austrian border is allocated using an automated and explicit «first come - first served» process via the Deutsche Börse AG platform
- This gives traders in Switzerland and Austria massively improved access to the respective intraday market
- This process has been operating successfully for years on the borders with Germany and France
- For the time being, no changes to these processes are planned
- The long-term goal is to join XBID





Intraday allocation on CH – IT border will be impacted by XBID go-live in Italy

- Go-live of **XBID** on North Italian borders (without CH-IT) is expected during 2021.
- Together with XBID, «complementary regional intraday auctions» (CRIDA) will be implemented within Italy (zonal system) and on some Italian borders.
- The number and timing of these auctions will be different from today.
- The introduction of complementary regional intraday auctions (CRIDA) will necessitate a change to the current regulatory framework, as there is a link to CACM

	Auction time	Delivery time	Type of product
Implicit auction 1	15:00, d-1	0 – 24	
Implicit auction 2	22:00, d-1	0 – 24	hourly
Implicit auction 3	10:00, d	12 – 24	

- It is an open regulatory question whether the current intraday allocation can be continued at the CH-IT border
- If the NRAs decide that the current mechanism has to be discontinued Swissgrid and Terna will have to go back to explicit allocation of the intraday capacity
- Swissgrid will keep the market participants updated





EPEX SPOT Market Overview – New Markets & Products

Swissgrid - BGM Meeting 10 November 2020 Davide Orifici, Head of Swiss Office EPEX SPOT Switzerland Ltd.

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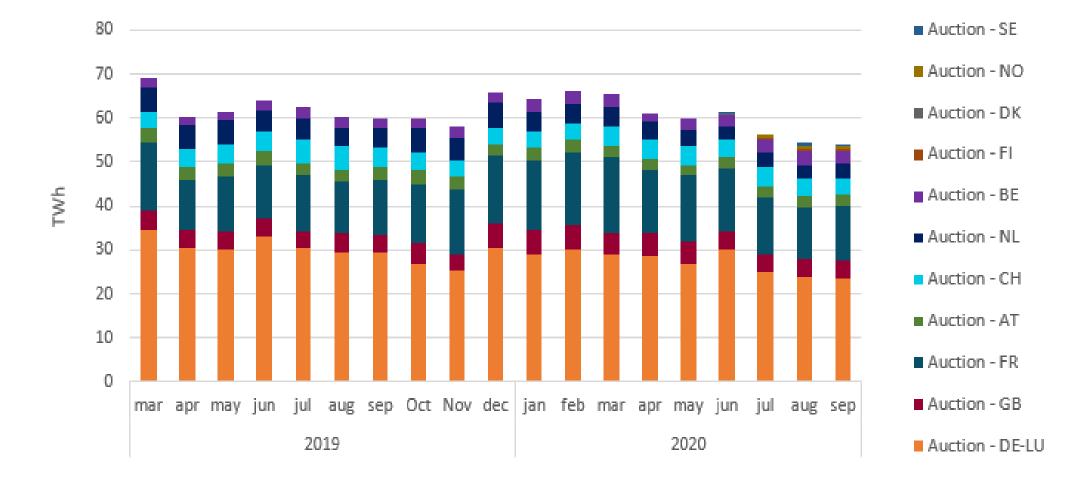
> epexspot

1. Market Overview

part of eex group

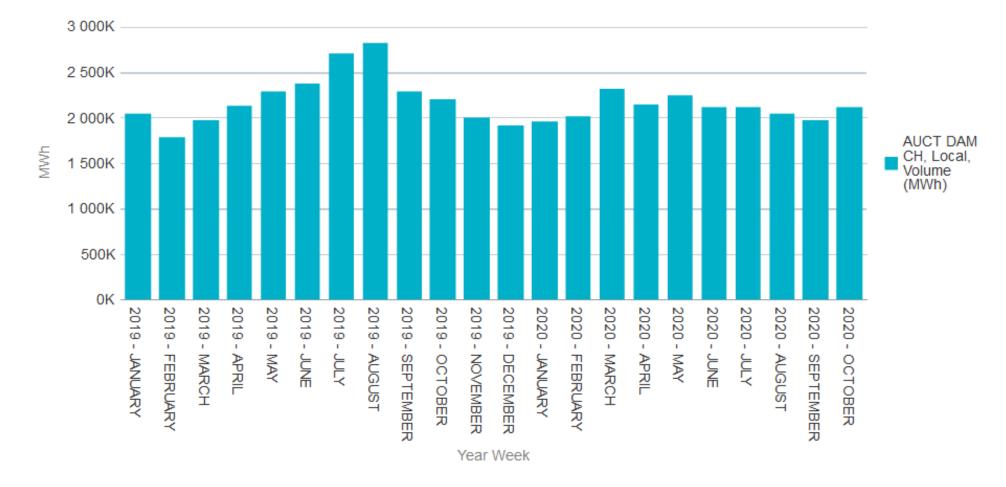
Day-Ahead Markets

- Day-Ahead volumes stable compared to the same period in the previous year
- No significant effects of Covid-19 on Day-ahead volumes



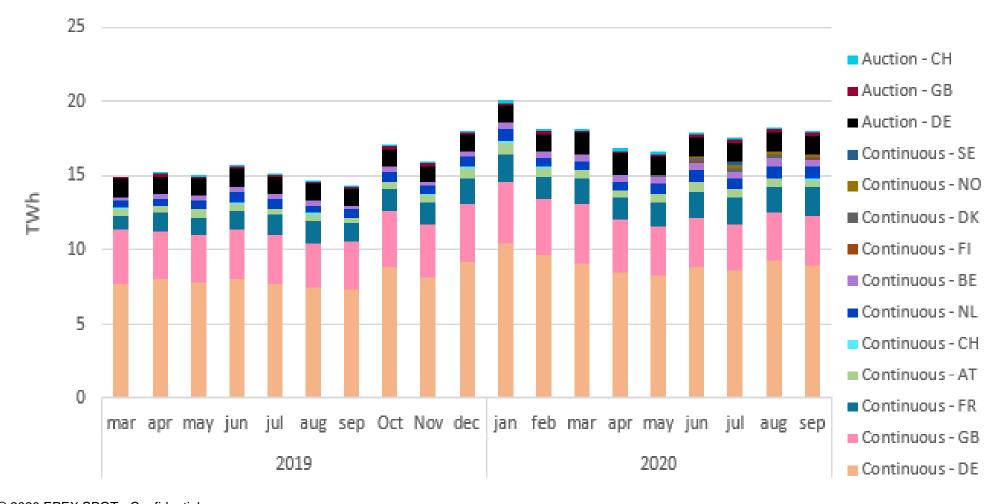
Day-ahead volumes Switzerland

- Slight decrease yoy in 2020, overall stable market
- Decrease mainly in summer months → linked to low hydro reservoirs? Or low demand?



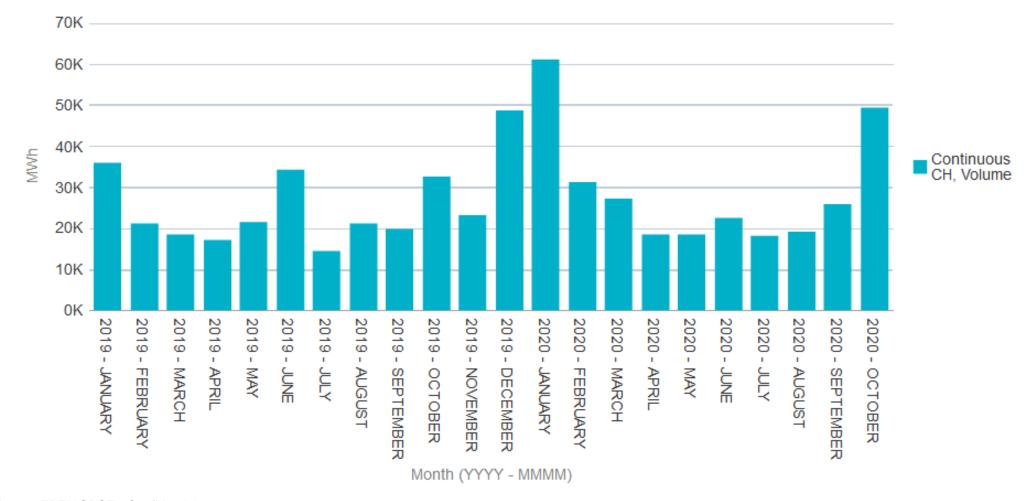
Intraday Continuous Volumes

- The strong increase in trading volumes in continuous intraday trading continues in 2020
- Intraday traded volume in September increases by 27% YoY. All continuous markets drove the increase of activity, especially Germany and France

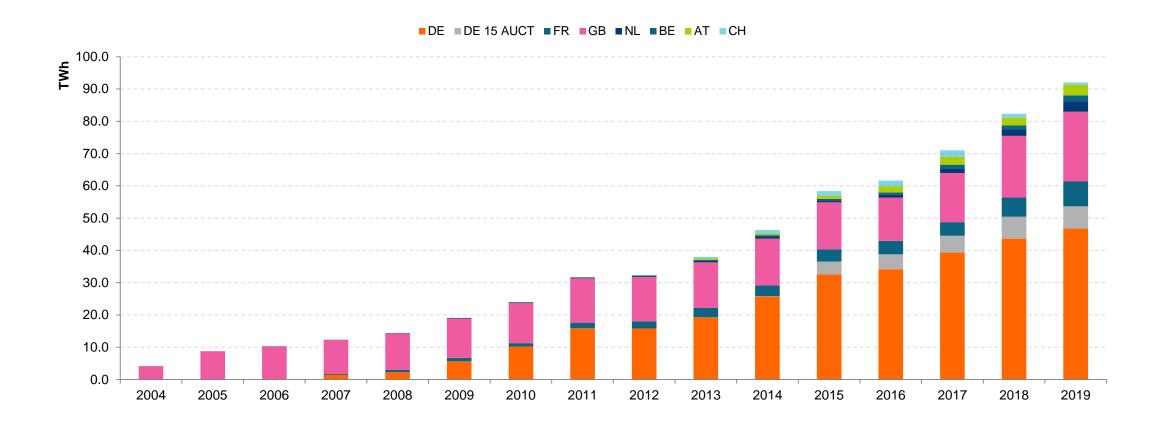


Intraday Switzerland

- Stable volumes yoy in 2020, at a low level compared to pre-XBID situation
- More volumes on CH-IT auction

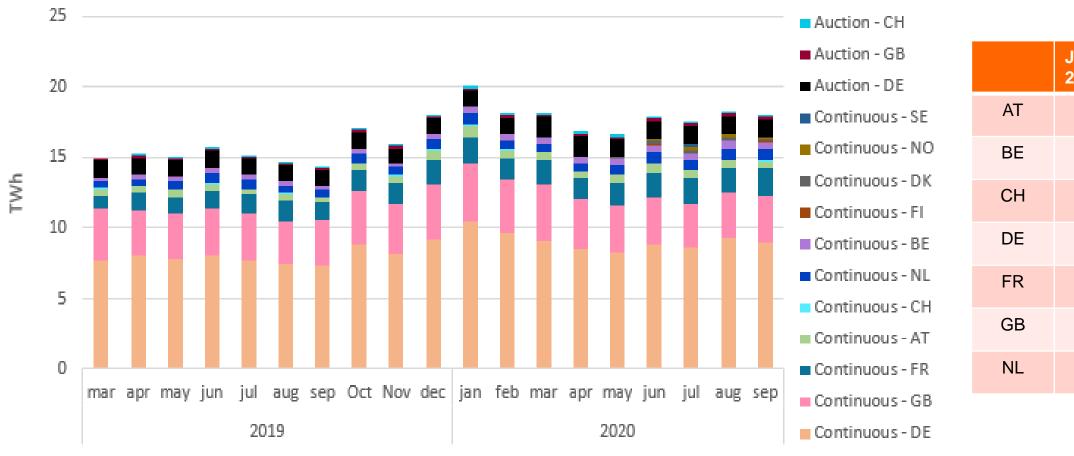


Intraday markets: Total Traded volumes



- Intraday markets are very active both locally and cross-border
- Cross-border trades represent on average 20% of total traded volume

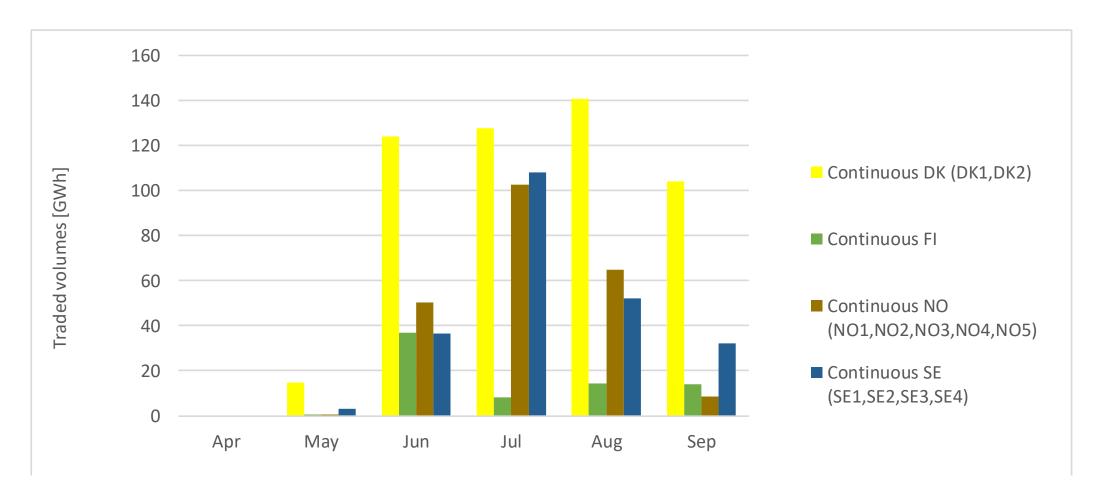
Intraday markets: CWE/GB Continuous volumes



	Jan-Sep 2020 vs. Jan-Sep 2019
AT	30%
BE	62%
СН	19%
DE	21%
FR	43%
GB	6%
NL	37%

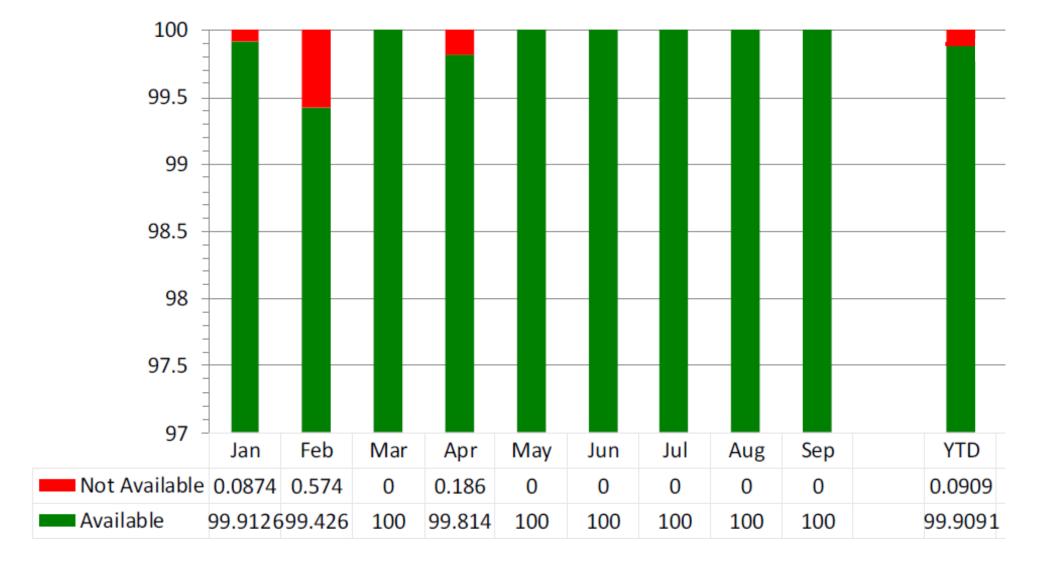
 Strong growth of IDM continuous volumes continues in 2020: volumes from January to September exhibit a year on year increase of 21% (excluding Nordics)

Intraday markets: Nordic Continuous volumes



- Successfully launch of our Intraday continuous trading and clearing services in Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden, on 25.5.2020
- Trades recorded in all 12 Nordic bidding zones
- Since our launch, total Nordic Intraday liquidity has increased by 60% Year-on-Year (June-August)

Availability, Service Time 24/7 - 2020



> epexspot

2. New Markets & Products

part of eex group

EPEX SPOT has launched mid-October 2020 new local Intraday

Auctions

What & Where?

- 30 min French auction at 14:30
- 15 min Austrian auction at 15:00
- 15 min Belgian auction at 15:00
- 15 min Dutch auction at 15:00

What's in it for members?

New price references

Finer granularity products offering full flexibility in

portfolio optimisation

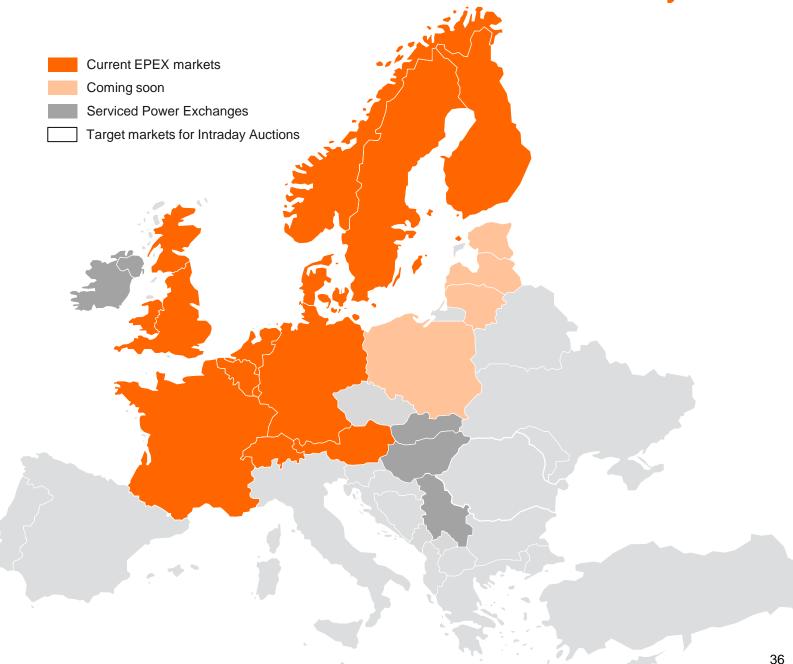
Trading all auctions from 1 screen providing

Economies of scale

Established and robust processes ensuring

operational & IT Simplification

So you can focus on your trading operations



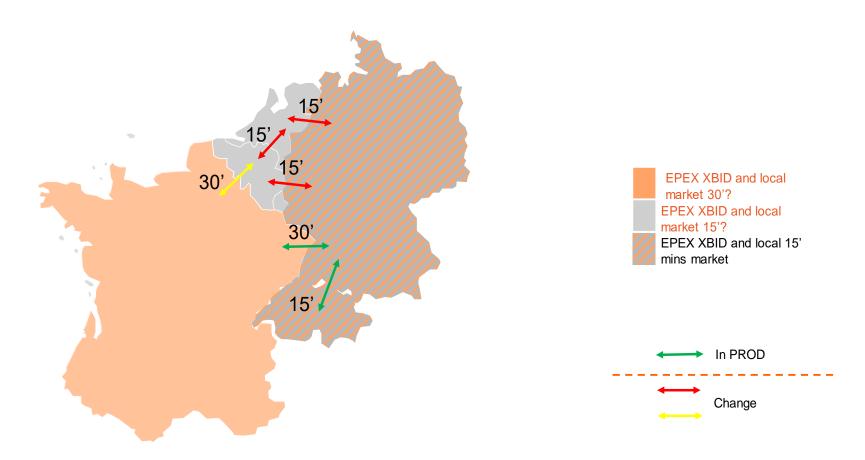
Product specifications for Local Intraday Auctions

		Product Specifications						
0		Austria	Belgium	France	Netherlands			
	Trading procedure	Daily Auction						
	Trading days	Year-round						
	Order book opening / closure	45 days before the Delivery Day / daily at 15:00	45 days before the Delivery Day / daily at 15:00	45 days before the Delivery Day / daily at 14:30	45 days before the Delivery Day / daily at 15:00			
	Results publication time	15:20	15:40	14:50	15:40			
	Products	Linear orders + Block orders						
ح.	Block order parameters	12 x 20 MW	12 x 20 MW	12 x 50 MW	12 x 20 MW			
٠,	Submission step	15 min	15 min	30 min	15 min			
	Curve type	Piecewise	Stepwise	Piecewise	Stepwise			
	Currency	EUR						
	Price tick order submission	0,1 €/MWh						
	Precision published price	0,01 €/MWh						
	Price limits order entry	[-3000 €/MWh ; 3000 €/MWh]						
	Price limits to trigger 2 nd auction	[-150 €/MWh ; 1500 €/MWh]						
	Volume tick	0,1 MW						

Introduction of 15 min DE-NL, DE-BE, NL-BE and 30 min FR-BE as Global Products in SIDC

- Today 15mn products in NL and BE Intraday market are local in the EPEX Spot LTS. Elia and Tennet are now
 moving forward to allow cross-border trading between NL and BE in 15min contracts. This will allow connecting the
 NL and BE 15min markets and liquidity during cross border allocation phase. This will require integrating 15min NL
 and BE products in XBID and the Capacity Module (instead of the LTS).
- ELIA and RTE will also allow the French>>Belgium interconnector in 30min granularity. Therefore EPEX Spot
 needs to introduce 30min BE Global Products in BE to allow cross-border trading between France and Belgium
 with 30min products.
- Overall, the borders that will be tradable in finer granularity products are:
 - ID DE-NL that will be in MTU 15'
 - ID BE-NL that will be in MTU 15'
 - ID BE-FR that will be in MTU 30'
 - ID BE-DE (ALEGrO) that will be in MTU 15'

Introduction of 15 min DE-NL, DE-BE, NL-BE and 30 min FR-BE as Global Products in SIDC



- Target is to implement these products by the go-live date of the TSOs currently planned for 10 December 2020
- Both EPEX and ECC are involved in this project

Nordic go-live in May and June 2020

- Intraday Continuous 25/05 (trading day)
 - Smooth XBID launch (no market halt)
 - 12 Nordic bidding zones coupled
 - Trading until delivery offered in Finland from the start
- Day-Ahead Auction 03/06 (trading day)
 - Smooth MRC-MNA coupling operation
 - · 12 Nordic bidding zones coupled
 - Single robust Nordic Day-Ahead price

Members' support from day 1:

- Intraday Continuous
 - 7 active trading members from start
 - · Trades registered in the 12 Nordic areas on the 1st day
 - 1st trade executed less then 20 seconds after opening
- Day-Ahead Auction
 - 5 active trading members from start
 - Trades registered in the 12 Nordic areas on the 1st day



Expanding our complete spot offer to Poland

<u>Intraday markets – Continuous, SIDC connected:</u>

• Nordic: live since May 2020

• **Poland**: early 2021

<u>Day-Ahead markets – 12:00, SDAC connected:</u>

• Nordic: live since June 2020

• **Poland**: early 2021 depending on the implementation of Multi-NEMO Arrangements

What's in it for members?

Operational & IT Simplification & Economies of scale

- Pan-European One-Stop-Shop & standard spot products
- Straight-Through Physical Fulfillment of EEX power derivatives

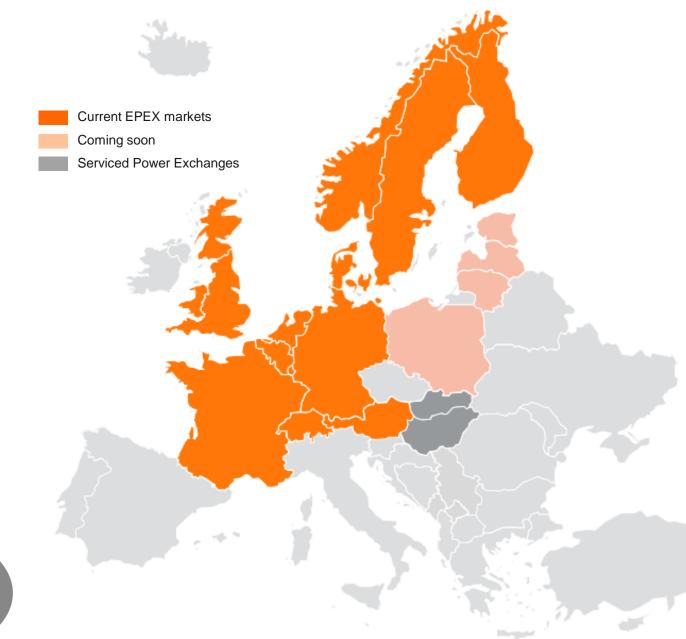
Enhanced Trading Experience

- Pan-European ETS and M7 interfaces
- Largest Day-Ahead blocks offer
- Superior M7 performance, custom API

Financial **Security**

- Single SDAC reference price secured in Poland
- EMIR-licensed ECC clearing services

Formal Exchange
Council approval
request to be expected
in Dec.2020



Preliminary product specifications: Intraday

Intraday continuous : Poland					
	Trading Procedure	Continuous			
	Trading days	Year-round			
\mathcal{L}	Expiries	1 hour (24 contracts / day) + Blocks			
	Opening of the trading session	14:00 CET D-1			
	Closure of trading	60mn before delivery			
	Minimum and maximum price	-9 999.00 € / 9 999.00 €.			
	Minimum price increment	0.01 €/MWh			
Minimum volume increment		0.1MW			

Preliminary product specifications: Day-Ahead

Day-Ahead Auction: Poland					
	Trading Procedure	Auction			
	Trading days	Year-round			
	Gate Closure Time	12:00 CET			
حر	Products	Linear orders & Block orders (classic & smart)			
کی	Curve type	Piecewise			
	Price tick order submission	0,1 €/MWh			
	Price limits order entry	[-500 €/MWh ; 3000 €/MWh]			
777	Volume tick	0,1 MW			

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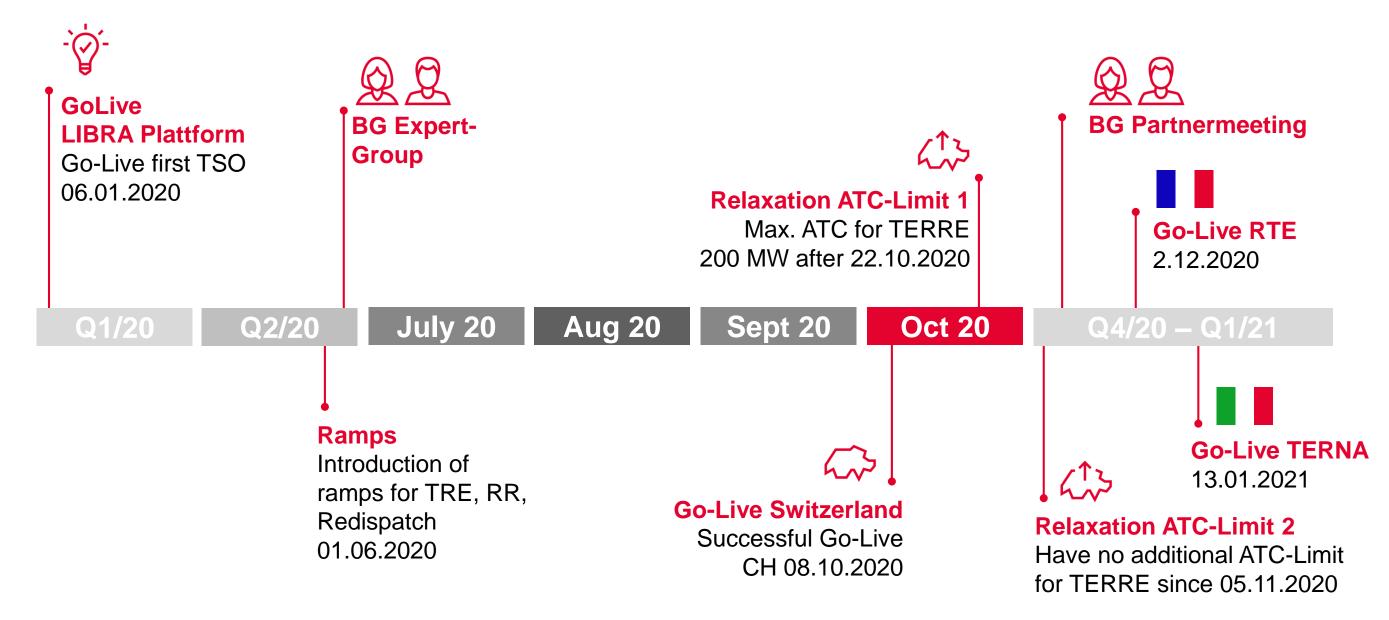
Tobias Ott Head of Product Development



- 1 TERRE planning Swissgrid
- 2 Go-live dates TSOs
- 3 Participation French balancing market
- 4 Political situation



TERRE Planning Swissgrid



Go-live Dates TSOs

TSO	Planned Go-live		
Czech Republic (CEPS)	Live since 06.01.2020		
Spain (REE)	Live since 03.03.2020		
Portugal (REN)	Live since 29.09.2020		
Switzerland (SGD)	Live since 08.10.2020		
France (RTE)	02.12.2020		
Italy (TERNA)	13.01.2021		
Great Britain (NG)	2021		
Poland (PSE)	Q1 2022		





Participation French Balancing Market

Possible participation of Swiss BGs in French Balancing Market is reduced in three phases:

Phase	Date	Participation RTE in TERRE	Participation CH BG in FR Balancing Market
1	from 8.10.2020	RTE provides cross boarder capacity for TERRE	 Possible participation with adapted deadlines: Activation from RTE until H-60 Schedule nomination to Swissgrid: until H-45
2	from 2.12.2020	RTE participates in TERRE for selected time slots	 Possible participation with adapted deadlines: Activation from RTE until H-60 Activation from RTE only if RTE does not participate in TERRE Schedule nomination to Swissgrid: until H-45
3	tbd	Full participation of RTE	No longer possible



Political Situation



- Decision of European Commission about participation of Switzerland is still pending
- Switzerland continues its participation as long as not explicitly excluded





November 2020

Renewal of RTE's nomination and scheduling tools





- 1. GENERAL PRESENTATION
- 2. MAIN CHANGES IN THE NOMINATION AND SCHEDULING TOOLS
- 3. MAIN MILESTONES

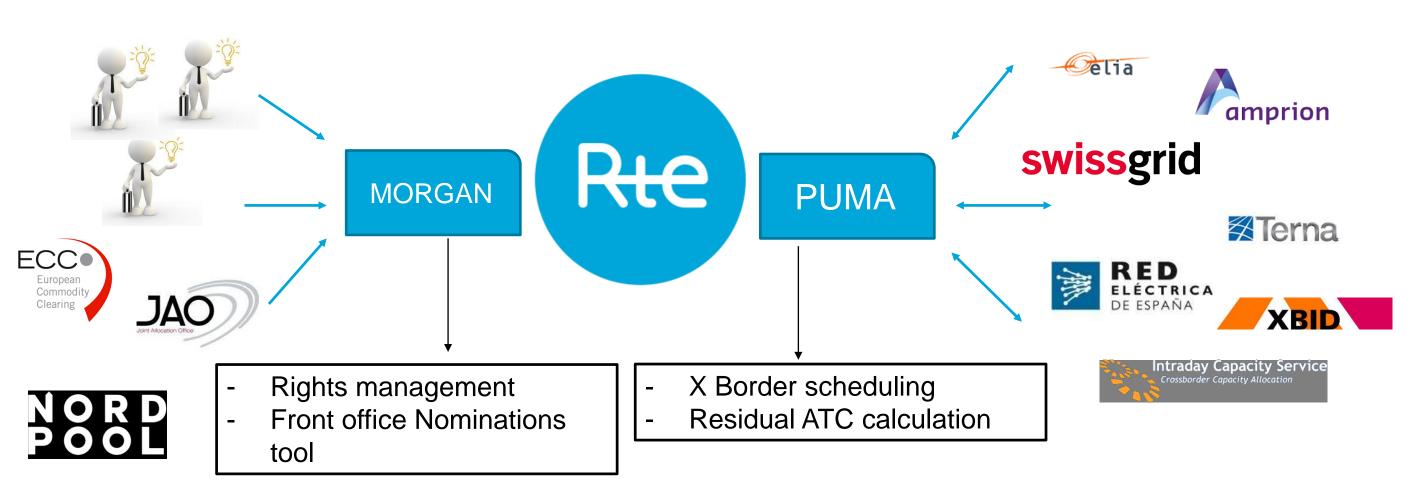


General presentation



General Presentation

For more than a decade, RTE has used 2 different tools for its cross border capacity management:





General Presentation

- o In 2017, RTE decided to renew its X-Border management system in particular to integrate the TERRE project.
- Since 2018, RTE develops one tool, following the AGILE methodology, named OCAPPI, which will gradually replace the two current nomination and scheduling tools.
- The main objective is to develop a tool which:
 - ✓ centralizes all X-border functionalities: Nominations, scheduling and real time available capacity calculation.
 - ✓ is able to process an increasing number of files at a ever-high frequency.
 - ✓ is flexible and adjustable to integrate market changes and future processes.



General Presentation

- The first version of OCAPPI was launched in production on the 8th of September. Since then:
 - ✓ RTE is connected to TERRE and communicates its ATC to the platform.
 All the functionalities required for our TERRE Go Live, which is planned on the 2nd of December, are ready.
 - \checkmark The commercial scheduling management of **IFA 2000** is done by OCAPPI, and soon for **IFA 2**.
- The next version, OCAPPI V3, planned for Q2 2021 covers the following perimeter:
 - ✓ Scheduling on the FR-CH border, including LTC management.
 - ✓ Rights and nominations management which will induce the decommissioning of MORGAN



Main changes in the nomination and scheduling tools



Main changes in the nomination tool

Present functioning

Target functioning

✓ New interface

✓ From mails to API

- Mail notifications in case of curtailment
- ✓ Curtailment of nominations in case of rights exceedance







Rejection of the nomination







Curtailment of the nomination



What doesn't change in the nomination tool



Same current files, in general terms



Same current valid certificates used for interactions with MORGAN



Main changes in the scheduling tool

No direct impact on BRPs

On the TSO level:

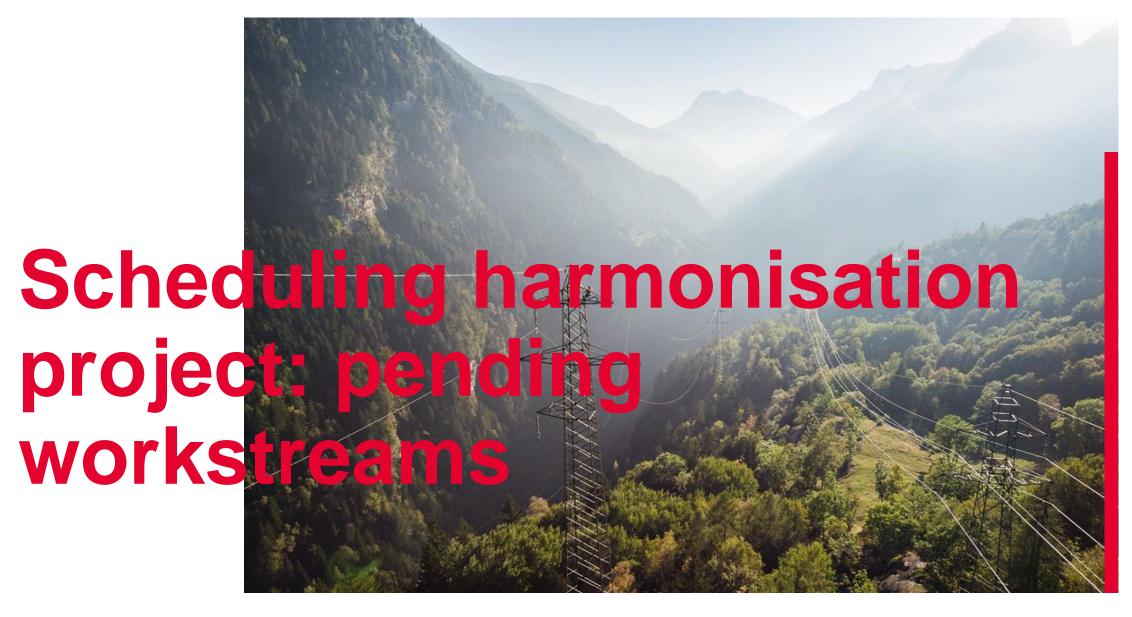
- ✓ Format change of matching files: from "Control Area Schedule" (CAS) to "Scheduling Area Schedule" (SAS)
- ✓ Upgrade of the communication channel : from mails to ECP
- ✓ Immediate matching with Verification Platform, after each successful matching between the two TSO





Main milestones

	Nov. 20	Dec. 20	Jan. 21	Feb. 21	March 21	Apr. 21	May 21	June 21
RTE- Swissgrid tests	*							
Training sessions (14th dec. to 17th dec.)		*						
Opening of training platform								
Deployment of OCAPPI's V3							*	



Marc Rüede Head of Capacity Allocation and Market Systems



Scheduling harmonisation project: completed workstreams

- The Intraday rights check at the CH-FR border was activated on 22 April 2020
- Registration for secure data communication via ECP (ENTSO-E Communication Platform) was launched on 1 September 2020
- The switch to a harmonised scheduling process on the CH-AT border was put into operation on 23 September 2020
- Registration for secure data communication via sFTP (secure File Transfer Protocol) was launched on 1 November 2020



Scheduling harmonisation project: pending workstreams

Activation of intraday rights check at the CH-DE border

Swissgrid has implemented and tested the related functionality. Since German TSOs have other project priorities, the crossborder tests have not taken place yet.

→ The goal is to put it into operation in Q2 2021

Switch to harmonised scheduling process at the CH-FR border

Swissgrid has implemented and tested the related functionality. Now we have to wait until RTE's new scheduling system is ready in order to conduct cross-border tests.

→ The goal is to put the new process into operation in **Q2 2021**



Registration for secure data communication via ECP and sFTP

Secure communication via ECP and sFTP

Swissgrid has successfully completed a pilot test with a voluntary balance group for both ECP and sFTP

Information

- The switch to ECP and sFTP communication will be based on operational experiences, e-mail and FTP are still available
 as alternative channels
- For the time being, Swissgrid provides free installation and operational support on a «best-effort» basis
- Swissgrid will collect the required additional ECP-related information via the customer portal as part of the balance group registration process
- Balance groups are required to accept a contractual amendment before they can use ECP

Next steps

- Continuous connection of balance groups to our scheduling system via ECP and sFTP
- In mid-2021, Swissgrid will define the next steps in ensuring the secure connection of balance groups, based on the experiences gathered with ECP up to then



ECP / sFTP registration process

Available combination of standard- and backup-connection for already active BGMs

Combination	Standard connection	Backup connection	Cyber security / availability	
5	ECP	sFTP	Secure connection / redundant	
6	ECP	FTP	Partially secure connection / redundant	
7	ECP	E-mail	Partially secure connection / redundant	
8	ECP	None	Secure connection / no redundancy	
9	FTP	E-mail	Non-secure connection / redundant	
10	FTP	None	Non-secure connection / no redundancy	
11	E-mail	FTP	Non-secure connection / redundant	
12	E-mail	None	Non-secure connection / no redundancy	



ECP / sFTP registration process

Requirements for ECP

• One ECP endpoint with unique EIC V-Code is needed for every application in the integration and production environment

Requirements for ECP and sFTP

Public IP address (required during registration process)

ECP procedure

- First registration for the ECP integration environment to familiarise yourself with ECP
- **Second** registration for the ECP production environment to start operation



ECP registration process

INT

Registration

 Swissgrid Customer Portal (request over SDC) for ECP connection to integration system)

PROD

Registration

 Swissgrid Customer Portal (request over SDC) for ECP connection to **productive system**)

Installation

 Installation of ECP software on BGM Server (software provided by Swissgrid)

Installation

 Installation of ECP software on BGM Server. (software provided by Swissgrid)

Testing Integration

- Exchange of messages between scheduling systems
- Connection to Swissgrid integration system

Testina Production

- Exchange of messages between scheduling systems
- Connection to Swissgrid productive system

Approval for production

• If testing was successful, approval for testing in production environment

GoLive

 If testing was successful, approval to go live for sending messages via ECP on agreed date



sFTP registration process

Registration

• Swissgrid Customer Portal (request over SDC for sFTP connection to productive system)

Configuration

Configuration of IN and OUT directory for sFTP communication

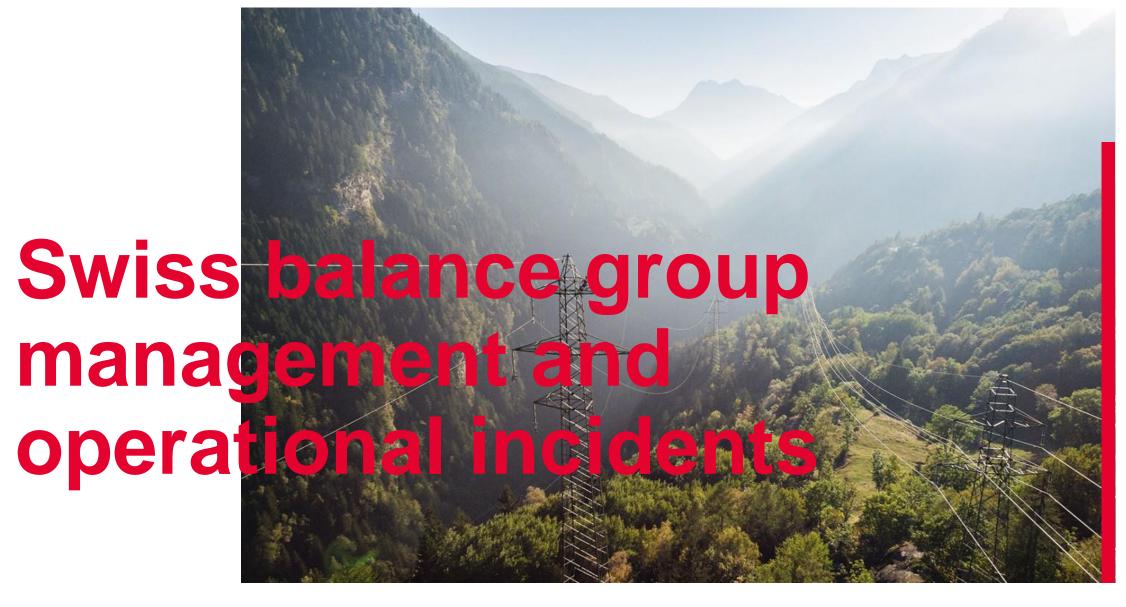
Testing

- Exchange of messages between scheduling systems
- Connection to Swissgrid productive system

GoLive

• If testing was successful, approval to go live for sending messages via sFTP on agreed date





Marc Rüede Head of Capacity Allocation and Market Systems



Capacity Allocation & Market Systems team



Benito Barberio



Timo Caspar



Thomas Eckert



Jürgen Ganter



Pierre Lehnhardt



Marco Lenzin



Dirk Nosek





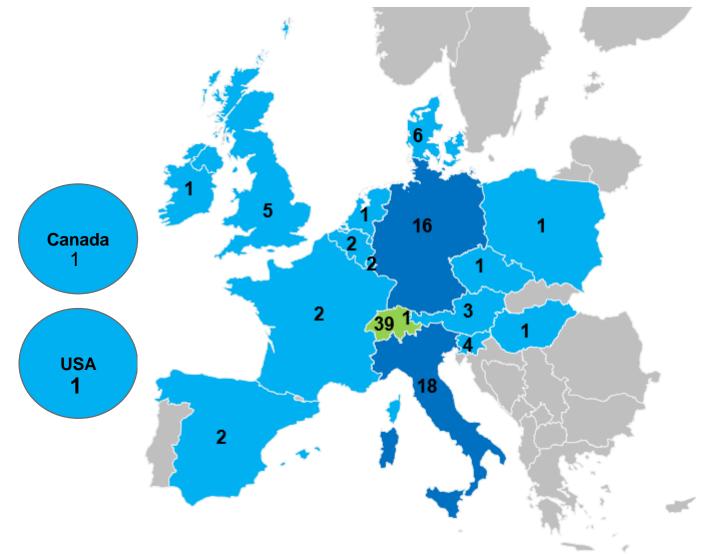






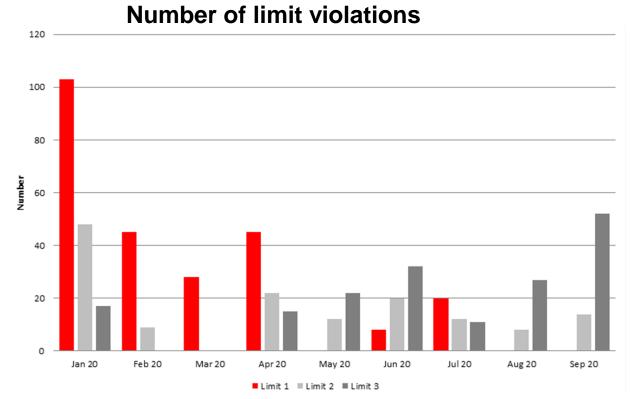
Balance Group Management BG statistics

	# BGs	1		Mutations
2016	111			163
2017	111	3	3	191
2018	104	13	6	161
2019	107	4	7	108
2020	107	5	5 (+4 planned)	82





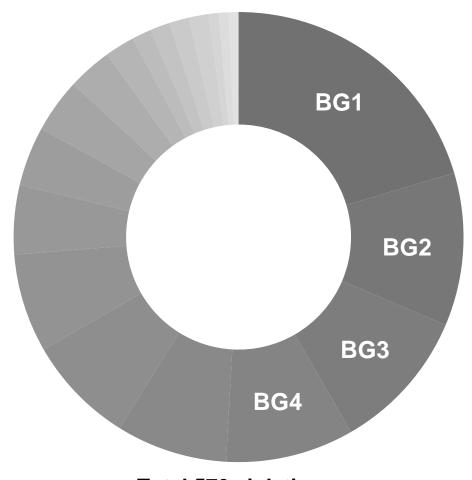
Balance Group Management



Measures 2020

Written explanation	7 BGs
Meeting with Swissgrid	3 BGs
Intraday suspension	0 BG
Penalties – in case of repeated L3 violations	3 BGs → 7,960 Euro

Number of limit violations per BG



Total 570 violations



Operational occurrences Measures to avoid high balance energy prices

Significant highest balance energy prices:

Highest short price: 26.07.2019 → 5131.40 €/MWh → Unplanned outage KKW Gösgen (TRE+ 400MW)

14.09.2020 → 6579.20 €/MWh → Control area CH is short and MEAS (TRE+ 376MW)

Lowest long price: 14.01.2019 → -420.10 €/MWh → Unplanned outage hydropumps in Tierfehd (TRL- 270MW)

05.04.2020 → -250.40 €/MWh → Control area CH is long (TRL- 202MW)

These are due to calls/requests for TRE bids on high levels of the merit order list.

As a result, the average costs for control energy were reduced after the implementation of the integrated market at the beginning of this year \rightarrow this also led to lower balancing energy costs for the balance groups.

Average	TRE positiv	TRE negativ
2019	136 €/MWh	1.17 €/MWh
2020	71 €/MWh	7.93 €/MWh



Calculation of Imbalance Price in case of simultaneous Redispatch/MEAS Case Study 14.09.2020

General principle:

"The first demand gets the best prices"

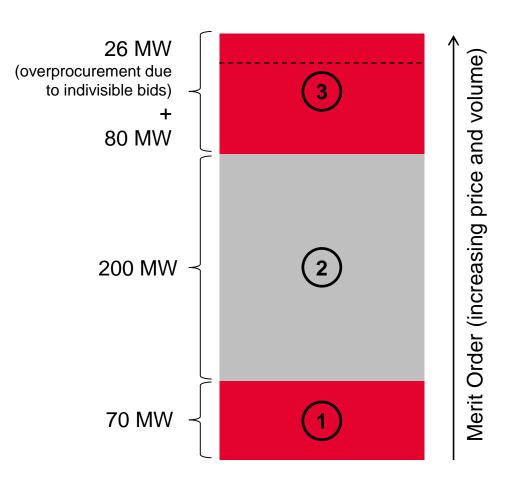
Case of 14.09.2020

The following demands were registered in the given order:

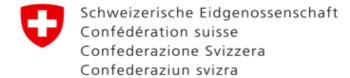
1	TRE demand	20:00 – 21:00	70 MW
2	MEAS demand	20:15 - 21:00	200 MW
3	TRE demand	from 20:30	increased to 150 MW

For the quarters 20:30 - 20:45 and 20:45 - 21:00, the offers were matched with demands as shown on the right

→ Cheapest 70 MW and most expensive 106 MW activated are reflected in the imbalance price.







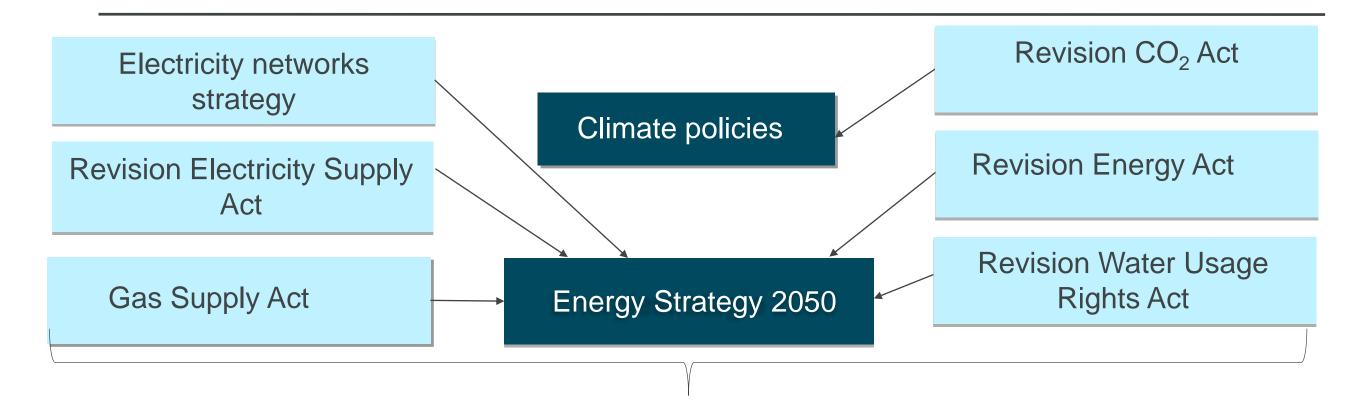
Bundesamt für Energie BFE Office fédéral de l'énergie OFEN Ufficio federale dell'energia UFE Swiss Federal Office of Energy SFOE



ONGOING DOSSIERS (FOCUS ELECTRICITY/ CLIMATE) - STATUS REVISION ELECTRICITY SUPPLY ACT & ENERGY ACT



IMPLEMENTATION OF ENERGY STRATEGY 2050 & CLIMATE OBJECTIVES



Promotion of efficiency, expansion of renewable energy use, reduction of CO₂ emissions, supply security, transparency, promotion of innovation



SWISS ENERGY AND CLIMATE POLICY

GUIDELINES

Energy policy: Energy transition & supply security

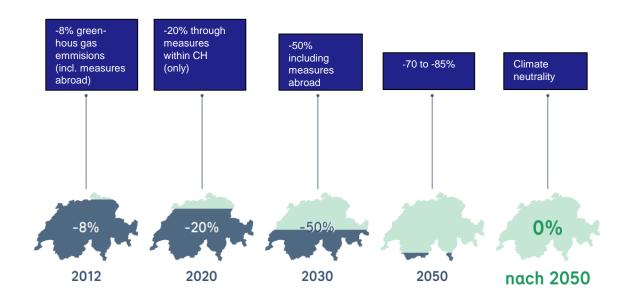


Energy Strategy 2050:

Guidelines for:

Average per capita energy consumption
Average per capita electricity consumption
Average domestic renewable electricity
production excluding hydropower
Hydropower

Climate policy: CO₂ reduction



CO₂ Act: Binding reduction target for 2030:

- 50% (versus 1990 level)

CO₂ target for 2050 tightened according to Federal Council: net zero emissions



TOTAL REVISION OF THE CO₂ ACT KEY POINTS

Target:
Reduction of
emissions by 50% by
2030

of which at least 75% within Switzerland.

"Purpose" article
(Article 1) contains
reference to long-term
net zero target

Emissions trading to be continued. Linked to EU since 2020

CO₂ limit level for buildings from 2023/2026

CO₂ emission regulations for new passenger and light utility vehicles, and for heavy goods vehicles as of 2025

CO₂ compensation for motor fuel imports, max. 12 cents per litre of fuel

Climate Protection Fund

Revenue: CO_2 levy (1/3), air travel levy (49%) and sanctions

Promotion: Buildings programme, other measures relating to buildings & heat, technology and innovation (including civil aviation), climaterelated adaptation

CO₂ tax on combustibles: max. 210 Swiss francs per tonne of CO₂ (companies: exemption option)

Flight ticket levy & general civil aviation tax

Financial sector

Finma/Swiss National
Bank to examine
climate-related
financial risks



MILESTONES



Federal Council

- Consultation procedure: autumn 2016
- Dispatch to Parliament: 1 December 2017



Parliament

- Final vote: end of September 2020
- Publication in Swiss Federal Gazette: 6 October



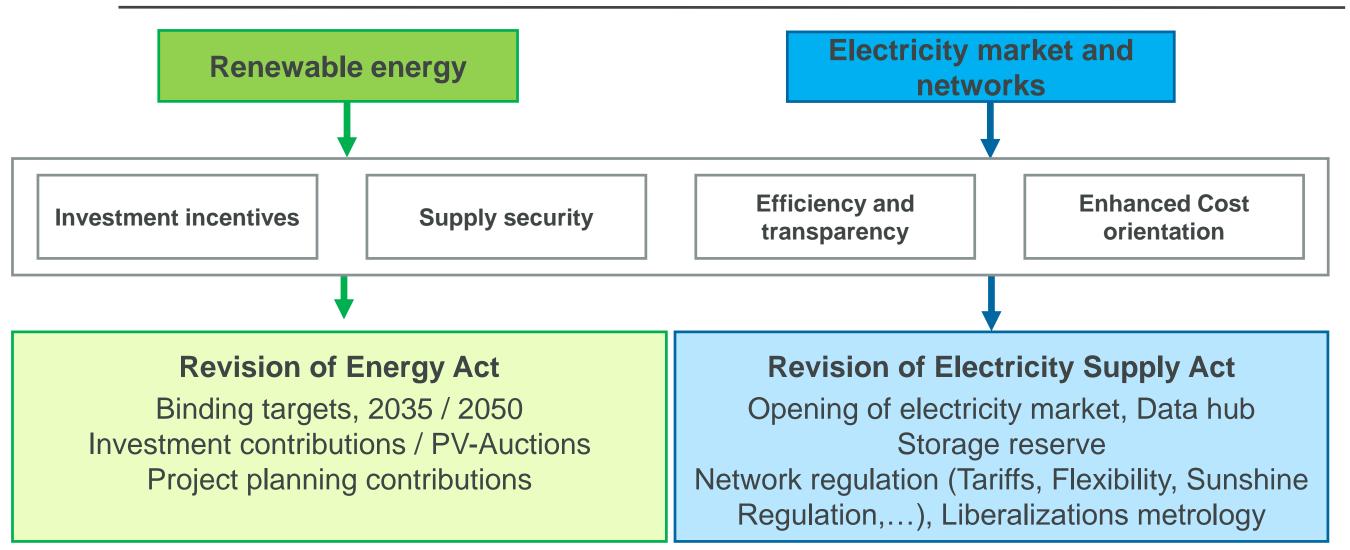
Federal Council

- Referendum deadline: beginning of January 2021
- Implementation provisions
- Entry into force: 1 January 2022 (target)



REVISION OF ELECTRICITY SUPPLY ACT / REVISION OF ENERGY ACT

OBJECTIVES AND MEASURES





FULL ELECTRICITY MARKET OPENING INNOVATION ASPECTS

Free choice of supplier for households, small businesses

New business models to also foster renewable energy
use:

- Interconnection of different decentral electricity production units
- Development of new participation models
- Local electricity markets
- Neighbourhood storage facilities
- New electric mobility solutions















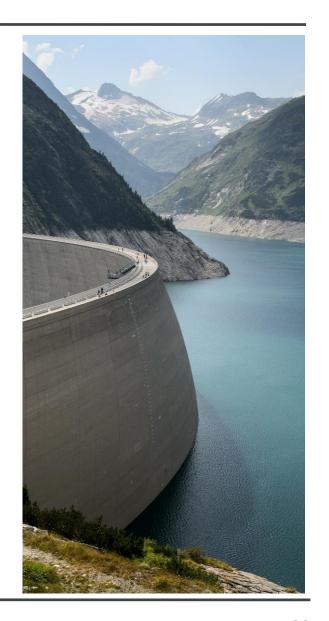
ELECTRICITY SUPPLY SECURITY MEASURES

Energy reserves

- New energy reserve (storage) facility to ensure the future <u>short-term</u> supply security. Technology-neutral participation.
- Mechanism, roles, responsibilities and financing essentially confirmed in consultation /of the drafts).

Additional measures (revision of Article 9 Electricity Supply Act)

- In the event of a potential shortage (compared to plans of ES 2050): call for tenders for additional renewable capacities
- With the goal of securing the <u>long-term supply situation</u> during the <u>winter</u> <u>months</u>, DETEC will revise the existing Article 9 until dispatch to Parliament is ready.





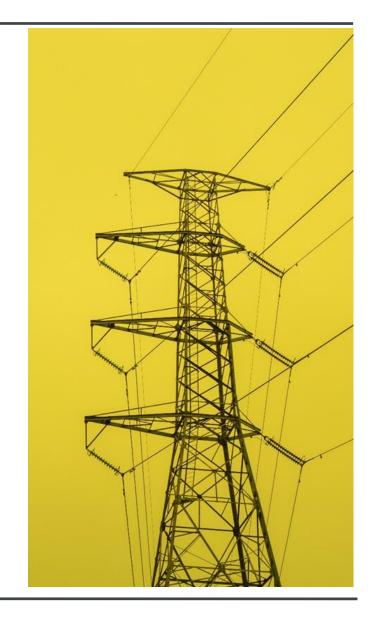
NETWORK TOPICS

MEASURES

- Promotion of network tariffs better reflecting long run costs (higher capacity and /or basic charges, new innovative network tariff models)
- Sunshine Regulation (and possible transition to an incentive regulation)
- Flexibility regulation (DSOs)

Further:

- National data hub
- Liberalizations metrology





AMENDMENTS IN THE ENERGY ACT KEY POINTS

Targets

Binding 2035 target for the expansion of hydropower and other forms of renewable energy, plus specification of a target for 2050

Project planning contributions

For hydropower plants, wind power plants and geothermal plants

Funding

Financial support for large-scale hydropower doubled (from 0.1 to 0.2 Rp./kWh)
Financing via the existing network surcharge of 2.3
Rp./kWh



AMENDMENTS IN THE ENERGY ACT KEY POINTS

Technologies that are no longer promoted via feed-in-remuneration after 2023 will receive

investment contributions (to ensure continuity)

- Wind energy plants
- New small hydropower plants (1 to 10 MW)
- Industrial biogas plants
- Agricultural biogas plants
- Geothermal power plants



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Promotion of large photovoltaic facilities with auctions (investment contributions determined through auction; especially facilities without own consumption)

Postponement of expiry of promotion from 2030 to 2035 (long-term planning security)



MAIN RESULTS OF THE CONSULTATION

Promotion system (funding)

- Measures essentially welcomed. Some responses call for higher expansion targets, others for stronger promotion, especially of hydropower.
- System discussion: Flexible market premiums / Contract for differences as alternative to investment contributions

Article 9, Electricity Supply Act

Under discussion. Many see it as a limitedly suitable emergency article. Demands for <u>additional</u> <u>expansion</u> with focus on <u>winter electricity supply</u>. <u>Extent and technologies under discussion</u>.

Comments on aspects of Electricity Supply Act largely in line with consultation of the draft (certain focus on network tariffs, storage...)



WORK PROGRAM SFOE

- Energy perspectives 2050 +: by the end of 2020
- Heat strategy: in preparation
- Hydrogen strategy: in preparation
- Studies Electricity: Study on network tariff structure
 - Study on storage and sector coupling
 - Study on verification of WACC-methodology
 - Study on data infrastructure in the future energy market
 - Monitoring of networks, scenarios for network planning, guidelines for implementation of additional costs factor



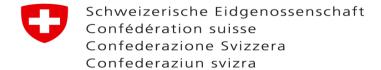
ONGOING STUDIES (MARKET REGULATION)

Network tariffs

- Distance-based network tariffs ("DSV"-model, "timbre local") & alternatives
- Examination of tariff elements, roll-over of costs between network levels
- Dynamic network and energy tariffs

Storage

- Contribution of storage technologies towards fulfilment of flexibility requirement, forecasting of use and economic viability
- Role of existing gas and heat networks in the future energy system, and developments in the field of storage technologies (power-to-gas, etc.)
- Contribution of digitalisation



Bundesamt für Energie BFE
Office fédéral de l'énergie OFEN
Ufficio federale dell'energia UFE
Swiss Federal Office of Energy SFOE



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

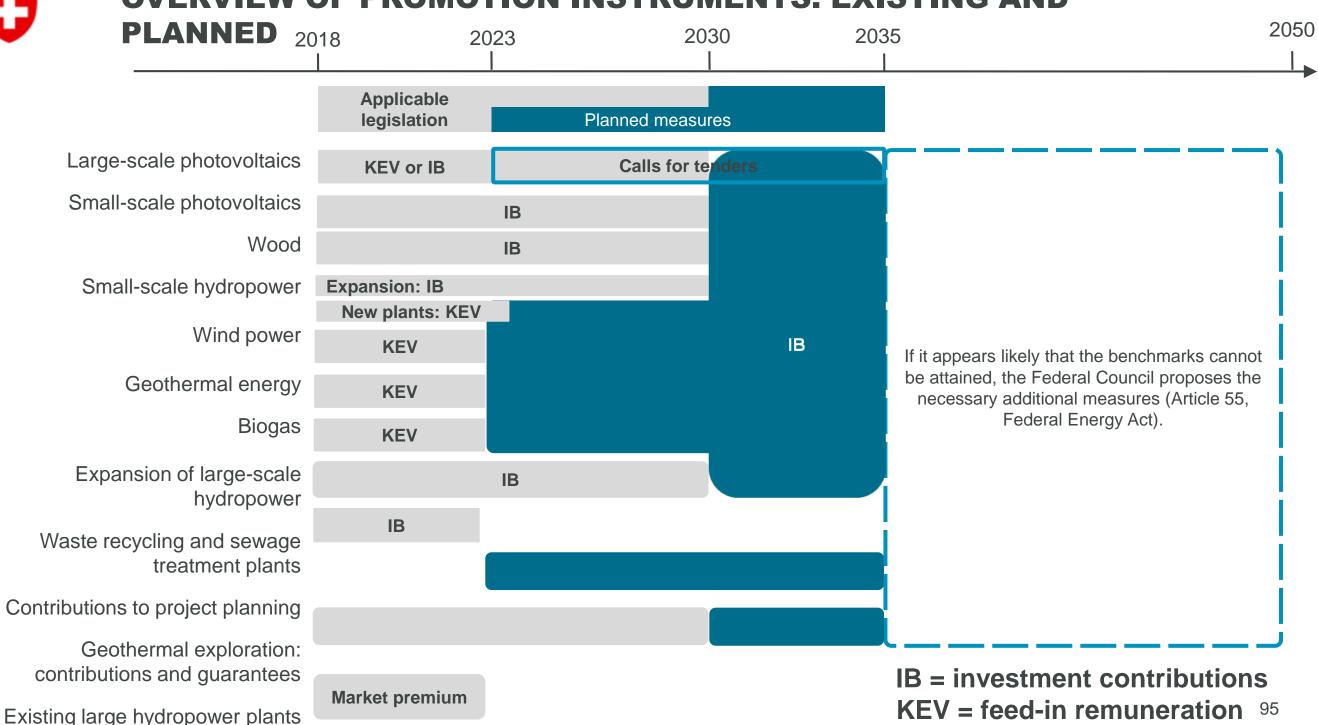
wolfgang.elsenbast@bfe.admin.ch



Back up / Details



OVERVIEW OF PROMOTION INSTRUMENTS: EXISTING AND





ENERGY POLICY 2050+ SCENARIOS OVERVIEW

Scenario	Variants
Net Zero Depicts potential development paths of Switzerland's energy system which in 2050 are compatible with the target of zero greenhouse gas emissions	Basic variant Incorporates the currently observed trends in technological development and pursues these developments in the future
	Variant A Highest possible degree of electrification of the energy system
	Variant B Alongside electricity, biogas, synthetic gases and hydrogen play an important role as sources in the energy system
	Variant C Alongside electricity, heat networks and liquid biogenic or synthetic fuels and combustibles play an important role as sources in the energy system
Business as Usual scenario Serves as basis for comparison and is based on the not reflect the total revision of the Federal CO ₂ Act.	e currently applicable energy and climate policies. Does

In all variants:

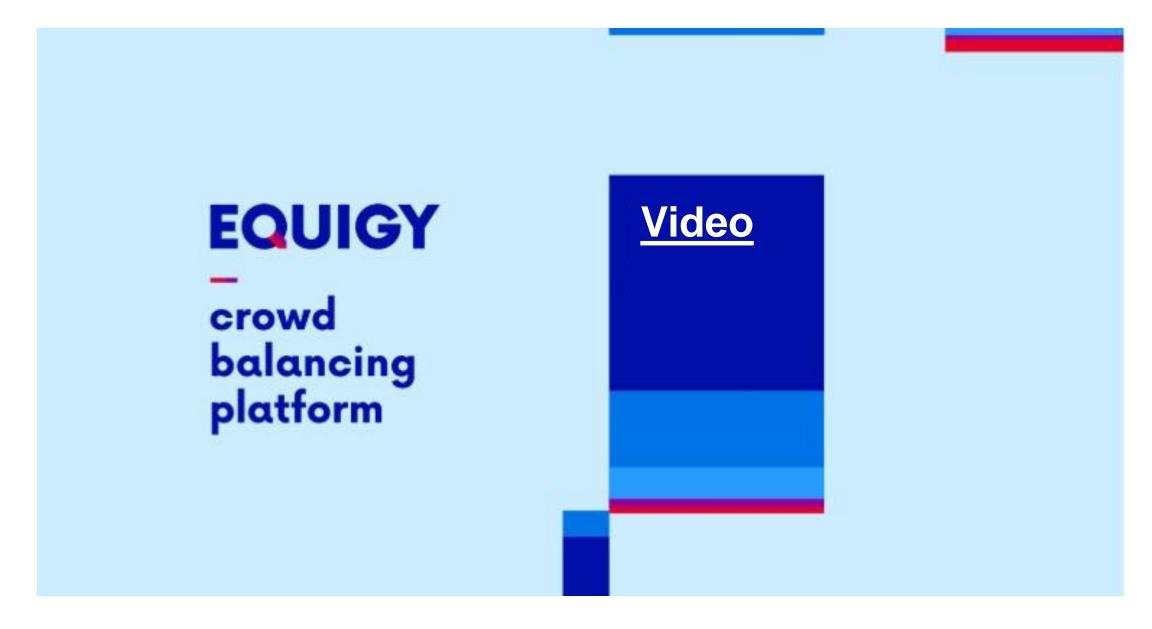
- Different expansion paths of electricity production from renewable energy
- Different duration of operation of the nuclear power plants



Susanne Landt Head of Stakeholder Affairs Communication & Stakeholder Affairs



Time for a video





TSOs come togehter

TSOs jointly create the Crowd Balancing Platform (CBP) to set a European standard and enable the balancing of the renewable energy supply of the future.

Founded by:







EQUIGY

crowd balancing platform



Why blockchain?

Blockchain offers a shared distributed ledger to build trust and transparency in transaction data. Security and privacy is also ensured by the use of channels in the blockchain network.

Replicated

- Entries in the ledger are synchronized across network nodes
- Creating a resilient ledger
- Consensus ensures all ledgers are trusted exact copies

Shared

- Parties share one 'truth'
- Persmissions ensure data privacy between parties
- Cryptography protects secure entries

Transactional

- Transactions are registered immutably in the ledger
- Increasing trust, reducing manipulation and ensuring auditability
- Business rules are automated using smart contracts

Permissioned-based blockchain: providing privacy for end-consumers and between aggregators and OEMs and near-real-time performance



Thank you for your participation

Presentations are available on Swissgrid website:

https://www.swissgrid.ch/en/home/customers/topics/bgm.html#operational-documents

